Cheadle Catholic Infant School Science Overview 2023-24

	Autumn 1	Autumn 0	Caring 1	Carina 2	Cummar 1	Cummar 2
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
NURSERY	The Colour Monster	The Gruffalo	Nursery Rhymes	Traditional Tales	Jasper's Beanstalk	What the ladybird heard
Knowledge and Understanding of the World.	Knowing our similarities and differences.		Looking at changes over time.		Growing –looking after plants & animals.	
HOOK	Discussion of what we need to through our daily routines, han snacks. Weekly P.E lessons - notice chody. Explore the differences between Look at pictures of themselves how their needs have changed Use of senses; feeling dough of the environment, such as sirent Dentist visit- we use this to talk different occupations. Autumn walk- collect materials similarities and differences.	nanges that happen in the en some animals and us. as babies and talk about d, discussing families. or listening to sounds in as or farm animals.	Play opportunities in o range of natural and morange of natural and morange of natural and morange of natural and morange of natural and why things work. Use Incy Wincy spider about rain and different features. Play in our construction increasing the incline of fast a vehicle travels of to see how it works. Works. Works.	ferences and similarities. ur mud kitchen - access to a sanmade resources hings happen and how to open up conversations t geographical water n area: activities such as of a slope to observe how ropening a mechanical toy to talk about different forces. rvation during continuous the sand or water traysinking.	the life cycle of a chick. Observations of animals things occur and talk ab Exploring life cycles by watching chicks hatch. A trip to the farm to expl Explore creatures, peop natural environments. We grow plants and vegned to grow. Take photos of seeds thavailable for the childrer independently. Look at the Mini-beast hunt. Look for bugs over the condescribe the stages e.g. caterpillar, now it is a but Look at the habitat of mifor animals and how our environment. Melting Experiment.	observing butterfly houses and lore animals at close quarters. Ide, plants and objects in their getables, exploring what they hat they grow and leave them in to order and revisit the life cycle of a plant. Incourse of a week. Interfly and use words to first it was an egg, then it was a

RECEPTION	All about Me	Seasons/Celebrations	Superheroes	Space	Minibeasts/Growing	India
НООК	Similarities and differences in relation to family and friends. My body and its body parts. Changes since birth (baby photos). Visit from Ann Jepson- Dental Nurse. Introduction discussion of plants, animals and natural objects. The natural world – explore the world around them. Observe the effects of exercise on their bodies. Learn about healthy diets. Healthy foods – not healthy foods. Talk about some of the things which they have observed in this topic.	Seasons and seasonal change. Describe the world around us. Caring for the environment. Walk to Bruntwood Park – looking at the Season Autumn. The natural world – observation of changes that occur. Explore the natural world around them. Make observations and drawing pictures of plants and animals. Memory boxes- recap on what they have learnt in this topic.	Pushing and pulling forces. Talk about why things happen and how they work. Investigate magnets. Exploring technology. Which materials are best for making a boat. Float/sink test. Exploring ways of travel using different parts of the body. Investigate the changes and in the natural world. Winter walk.	Investigate Space-discovering and naming the planets. Look at, learn the names and describe planets. Visit of the Wonder dome- being in Space experience. Children use technology to gain information. Making space rockets and planets. Our planet Earth and the sun. Can we travel into space? Comparison- could we live on the moon? Describe the moon. Look closely at the similarities, differences, patterns and change.	Research Mini beast facts. Mini beast Hunt in the wildlife area and Bruntwood Park. Identifying mini beasts and classifying them in groups. Looking at habitats. Life cycle of a frog. Growing Broad beans and learning how to plant a seed. Identifying what a plant needs to grow. The natural world – careful observation and understanding changes. Spring walk- Bruntwood Park.	The natural world – investigate contrasting environments. To know some similarities and differences in contrasting environments, e.g. weather. Questions and finding answers about the world in which we live. Safety when tackling new challenges and managing risks. Re-cap on the importance of exercise, eating, sleeping, hygiene and good health. Observing the lifecycle of a Butterfly. Summer sun safety. Summer walk – Bruntwood Park.
Text/Person	Growth, My body, Teeth. Dental nurse.	Bruntwood Park, All the different seasons books.	Super Tato series.	Wonder dome Experience. Space books. Scientists- Mae Jemison, Katherine Johnson	Books about plants. Mad about Mini beasts and other non-fiction texts.	Information texts about the world.
Vocab	Healthy/ unhealthy foods. Oral hygiene/teeth. Body/body parts. Baby, toddler, child, adult	Seasons, autumn, winter, spring, summer, weather.	Push pull, materials, magnet, magnetic Float, sink, waterproof, not waterproof.	Moon, stars, orbit, space, sun, planets, Earth.	Grow, stem, leaf, root, soil, sunlight, mini beast lifecycle, change.	Environment, sea, sun, seasons, weather, animals.

/EAR 1	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
	MY BODY AND ITS SENSES TERRIFIC TREES	MATERIALS	POLAR PLACES	ON SAFARI (ANIMALS)	PLANTS WHERE WE LIVE	SEASIDE AND SUMMER HOLIDAYS
	Seasonal changes: Autumn	Seasonal changes: Winter			Seasonal changes: Spring	Seasonal changes: Summer
HOOK	A recap to our body parts Labelling body parts What are the 5 senses? How we use our senses? Senses experiment- fruits Seasons overview lesson Seasons – looking at autumn Parts of a tree Learning the names of common British trees Knowing what deciduous and evergreen means- sorting Explore world around usobservation and notice changes. Senses walk/Autumn Walk to Bruntwood Park	Name a selection of materials Materials and matching them to objects Describe simple physical properties of materials Testing materials-absorbent and not absorbent Material experiment — Prediction. What are the best materials for a dog bed? Classify materials by their properties- grouping and sorting Change of seasons — winter — discuss changes in clothes, daylight, trees and weather. Scientist: Marie Curie	Research the Polar regions Visit from a polar explorer-expedition talk Snow gloves investigation- Which glove is the warmest and waterproof? Explore mammals-Polar animals Identify & name Polar animals that are carnivore, herbivore & omnivore Categorise animals into groups: carnivore, herbivore and omnivore What is Camouflage? Re-cap on Trees Winter walk — Bruntwood Park Observation and compare to Autumn Scientists/ Explorers:	Identify & name a variety of animals including amphibians, reptiles, mammals, birds and their features Describe & compare the structure of a variety of animals Which Birds live in our local area? Conduct a bird watch How are birds different to us? Compare ourselves to minibeasts who are invertebrates Scientist: David Attenborough	Grow sunflowers from seeds What equipment do we need to grow a seed? Sequence of planting Structure of plants Recap what does a plant need to grow healthy? Lifecycle of a seed Plant hunt – Which plants grow in our local area? Identify and name common garden and wild plants Identify and name leaves on trees Spring walk – Bruntwood Park Observation and compare to Winter	Children become marine biologists Hands on looking at the structure of fish What would you find in a rockpool? Identify seashore animals Observation- lifecycle of a butterfly – growing a caterpill Into a butterfly Science week- scientists: Rachel Carson Conduct frozen ice experime which bag is the best for a cooler bag? Perform a skittles colour change experiment to observover time (end of year experiment) Summer walk- Seasons Observation and compare to Spring Scientist: Rachel Carson
Fext/ Person/Place	Non-fiction texts- Bodies and senses Seasons books, trees	Materials- objects and non-fiction books School grounds	Robert Scott/ Roald Amundsen Polar explorer visitor Polar animals and Arctic/Antarctic non-	Bird watching School grounds Different categories of	Scientist: Waangari Maathai Grow sunflowers from seeds, Plants and flower books,	Seaside animals and fish Summer non fiction texts School grounds

Vocab						
	Body Parts - Head, body, mouth, teeth, leg, neck, shoulder, hand, leg, foot, thumb, knee, toes, elbow. Skeleton, bones, muscle and skin. Senses – touch, see, smell, taste, hear, eyes, sight, nose, ear, tongue, hand, fingers. Trees - Roots, trunk, branches, leaves, bark, deciduous and evergreen. Seasons- Autumn	Object, material, wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, rock, brick, paper, fabric, elastic, foil, card/cardboard, rubber, wool, clay, hard, soft, stretchy, stiff, bendy, floppy, waterproof, absorbent, breaks/tears, rough, smooth, shiny, dull see-through, not seethrough, opaque, transparent. Season-Winter	Herbivore, omnivore, carnivore, mammal, adventurer, Antarctic, Arctic, clothes, cold, explorer, freeze, frozen, herbivore, ice, icebergs, North Pole, South Pole, penguin, polar bear, whale, arctic fox, sea lion, seal, snow, fur, waterproof, warm, weather.	Head, body, eyes, ears, mouth, teeth, legs, tail, Names of animals experienced first-hand fron visit, vertebrates, invertebrates, Structure of animal body parts, Amphibians, birds, fish, mammals, reptiles, carnivores, herbivore, omnivore, camouflage.	Plants, root, seed, bulb, flower, stem, leaves, wild, plants, garden plants, sunflower, grow, sunlight, water, garden and wild. Leaves, trunk, branches bark, deciduous and evergreen trees. Seasons- Spring	recycle, rubbish, beach, sand, sea, shell.
Year 2	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
	YOUNG GARDENERS (PLANTS)	HEALTHY ME	SURVIVAL ADVENTURE	USES OF MATERIALS	HAPPY HABITATS	FOOD CHAINS
HOOK						
	What is growing in our school grounds- identification and comparing of plants and trees Lifecycle of a dandelion What do seeds need for germination – investigation of	What do we need to do to stay healthy lesson? Bread hygiene experiment- germs and washing hands Fitness in the playground – Why is	Children find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air) Where are basic needs found?	Sorting by materials, linked to recycling. Material properties- Vocabulary, how it's used and property definition. Investigate materials by squashing, bending.	What is a habitat? Learn about the rainforest. Habitats of the UK- names of local habitats e.g. pond. woodland etc.	Animal food chains including humans Children will identify different types of animal depending on their diet Sort animals into categories be what they eat
	grounds- identification and comparing of plants and trees Lifecycle of a dandelion What do seeds need for germination – investigation of what seeds/beans need to grow healthy – changing variables	to stay healthy lesson? Bread hygiene experiment- germs and washing hands	about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air) Where are basic needs found? Pupils will notice that animals, including humans, have	ed to recycling. Material properties- Vocabulary, how it's used and property definition.	Learn about the rainforest. Habitats of the UK- names of	humans Children will identify different types of animal depending on their diet Sort animals into categories be what they eat Children to explore how animals eat, e.g beak
	grounds- identification and comparing of plants and trees Lifecycle of a dandelion What do seeds need for germination – investigation of what seeds/beans need to grow healthy – changing	to stay healthy lesson? Bread hygiene experiment- germs and washing hands Fitness in the playground – Why is exercise good for me? What exercise does to	about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air) Where are basic needs found? Pupils will notice that animals, including	ed to recycling. Material properties- Vocabulary, how it's used and property definition. Investigate materials by squashing, bending, stretching and twisting. Create a silly materials	Learn about the rainforest. Habitats of the UK- names of local habitats e.g. pond, woodland etc. Exploring micro-habitat e.g. under logs, in	humans Children will identify different types of animal depending on their diet Sort animals into categories by what they eat Children to explore how
	grounds- identification and comparing of plants and trees Lifecycle of a dandelion What do seeds need for germination – investigation of what seeds/beans need to grow healthy – changing variables Explanation of the lifecycle of	to stay healthy lesson? Bread hygiene experiment- germs and washing hands Fitness in the playground – Why is exercise good for me? What exercise does to different body parts Snacking – record data of class favourite snacks. Gathering information and using it to answer	about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air) Where are basic needs found? Pupils will notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults Life cycles of animals	ed to recycling. Material properties- Vocabulary, how it's used and property definition. Investigate materials by squashing, bending, stretching and twisting. Create a silly materials Investigation. Design a state of the art	Learn about the rainforest. Habitats of the UK- names of local habitats e.g. pond, woodland etc. Exploring micro-habitat e.g. under logs, in bushes etc. Observe outside for living things- Why do animals live there?	humans Children will identify different types of animal depending on their diet Sort animals into categories by what they eat Children to explore how animals eat, e.g beak Learn what a food chain is
	grounds- identification and comparing of plants and trees Lifecycle of a dandelion What do seeds need for germination – investigation of what seeds/beans need to grow healthy – changing variables Explanation of the lifecycle of a seed using key vocabulary Daily measurement of seedlings	to stay healthy lesson? Bread hygiene experiment- germs and washing hands Fitness in the playground – Why is exercise good for me? What exercise does to different body parts Snacking – record data of class favourite snacks. Gathering information	about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air) Where are basic needs found? Pupils will notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults	ed to recycling. Material properties- Vocabulary, how it's used and property definition. Investigate materials by squashing, bending, stretching and twisting. Create a silly materials Investigation. Design a state of the art Tent for a shelter that needs to be waterproof and strong.	Learn about the rainforest. Habitats of the UK- names of local habitats e.g. pond, woodland etc. Exploring micro-habitat e.g. under logs, in bushes etc. Observe outside for living things- Why do animals live there? Match animals to the	humans Children will identify different types of animal depending on their diet Sort animals into categories be what they eat Children to explore how animals eat, e.g beak Learn what a food chain is Children to explain what a food chain is giving examples of producer and consumer
	grounds- identification and comparing of plants and trees Lifecycle of a dandelion What do seeds need for germination – investigation of what seeds/beans need to grow healthy – changing variables Explanation of the lifecycle of a seed using key vocabulary Daily measurement of	to stay healthy lesson? Bread hygiene experiment- germs and washing hands Fitness in the playground – Why is exercise good for me? What exercise does to different body parts Snacking – record data of class favourite snacks. Gathering information and using it to answer	about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air) Where are basic needs found? Pupils will notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults Life cycles of animals Growth Explore and compare	ed to recycling. Material properties- Vocabulary, how it's used and property definition. Investigate materials by squashing, bending, stretching and twisting. Create a silly materials Investigation. Design a state of the art Tent for a shelter that needs to be waterproof	Learn about the rainforest. Habitats of the UK- names of local habitats e.g. pond, woodland etc. Exploring micro-habitat e.g. under logs, in bushes etc. Observe outside for living things- Why do animals live there?	humans Children will identify different types of animal depending or their diet Sort animals into categories be what they eat Children to explore how animals eat, e.g beak Learn what a food chain is Children to explain what a food chain is giving examples

		Eggs in drinks experiment- fair test, predict, results, evaluate	things that have never lived. Wildlife survey-collecting and recording data		Create a habitats information poster Woodlouse live investigation plan and experiment	Classification investigation: Whose poo?
Person/ Place	School grounds George Washington Carver Wangari Maathai	Playground Marie Maynard Daly Marie Curie	School grounds Charles Darwin Bear Grylls	Classroom Albert Einstein	Bruntwood Park Jane Goodall	Bruntwood Park Steve Irwin
Vocab	Seed, bulb, grow, flower, plant, fruit, vegetable, germinate, tree, sow, seedling, harvest, healthy, conditions, observe, describe, identify, investigate, life cycle.	Health, healthy diet, habits, basic needs, hygiene, germs, grow, growth, exercise, muscle, nutrition, survive, heart, fitness, measure, question, observe, predict, fair test, evaluate.	Alive, living, not alive, dead, never alive, offspring, life cycle, young, child, baby, adult, basic needs, survive, survival reproduce, healthy, breathe, human, animal, compare, explore, identify, describe, similarities, differences.	Names of materials – wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper, cardboard. Properties of materials – as for Year 1 plus opaque, absorbant, transparent, translucent, reflective, non-reflective, flexible, rigid, waterproof. Shape, push/pushing, pull/push, twist/twisting, squash/squashing, bend/bending, stretch/stretching. Compare, explain, observe and classify.	Habitat, micro habitat ocean, forest, desert Rainforest, woodland. sun, grass, leaf, litter, stony path, under bushes, shelter, sea shore, basic needs, breathe, rainforest, conditions, Hot/warm/cold Dry/damp/wet Bright/shade/dark, local environment, aim, plan, method, results.	Food, food chain, plant, animal, prey, predator, carnivore, herbivore, omnivore, diets, producer, consumer, habitat, basic needs, living things, local environment, classify.

